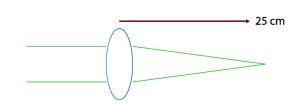
Burma Vision Test

OPTICS:



- 1.Lens shown is:
- a. + lens (plus)
- b. lens (minus)
- 2. Lens shown is:
- a. Convex
- b. Concave
- c. Astigmatism
- 3. Lens shown has Power:
- a. -3.00 D
- b. +2.00 D
- c. +4.00 D
- d. -5.00 D
- 4. Lens shown would NOT help:
- a. Hyperopia
- b. Myopia
- c. Presbyopia



- 5. Lens shown is:
- a. + (plus)
- b. (minus)
- 6. Lens shown is:
- a. Convex
- b. Concave
- c. Astigmatism
- 7. Lens Power for the lens in the figure is:
- a. -5.00 D
- b. +3.00 D
- c. Cannot calculate lens power
- d. Need stronger, known Plus lens

- 8. The Lens Formula is:
- a. Power = 100 x Focal Distance (cm)
- b. Focal Distance (cm) = 1/Power
- c. Power = 100/Diopter
- d. Power = 100/Focal Distance (cm)

GLASSES PRESCRIPTION

а	b	С
d	е	f
	g]
	h	

9.Which letter represents Left Eye Sphere _____

- 10. Which letter represents Right Eye Cylinder Power
- 11. Which letter represents Left Eye Bifocal Add ____
- 12. Reading Glasses for a 40 year old with good Distance Acuity:
- a. -2.00 D
- b. +3.50 D
- c. +1.50 D
- 13. Reading Glasses for a 60-year-old with good Distance Acuity:
- a. -2.00
- b. +3.00
- c. +1.50
- 14. Choose Glasses for a 50-year-old who has good Near acuity but poor Distance:
- a. +2.00 Reader
- b. Burma Bifocal
- c. Custom Concave Lens
- 15. Burma Bifocal is:
- a. -1.00 + 1.00 x 180 add +1.00
- b. +1.00 + 1.00 x 90 add 1.00
- c. +1.00 + 1.00 x 180 add 2.50

ACUITY TESTING

- 16. The distance used for acuity is
 - a. 3 m. helps to find myopia and high hyperopia
 - b. 3 meters is practical for distance in villages
 - c. 30 cm is good for near vision
 - d. ALL are correct
- 17. Choose the patient with the best acuity:
- a. Distance 3/30
- b. Near 30/150
- c. Near 30/90
- d. Distance 3/6

18. If a patient cannot read the 3/6 at a distance of 3 meters you might:

- a. move closer and test again at 1 meter
- b. Try larger letters from the NEAR card
- c. patient should have an examination
- d. ALL are correct
- 19. Steps in Acuity Testing:
- a. Cover one eye for distance 3 meters
- b. get patient familiar with matching letters
- c. test near letters from 30 cm
- d. ALL are correct.

CUSTOM GLASSES

- 20. Which refraction is NOT common in the Karen State:
- a. Hyperopia
- b. Myopia
- c. Astigmatism
- d. Presbyopia needing reading glasses or bifocals
- 21.Burma Patients can be helped with:
- a. Reading glasses
- b. Burma Vision Bifocals
- c. Cataract Surgery
- d. Custom Burma Glasses
- e. ALL of these

22. When aligning a Custom Astigmatism Lens, which is NOT true:

- a. use the FAR cross focal distance line
- b. Use the Nearer focal distance line
- c. The patient CANNOT help decide
- d. plus cyl usually NOT 180 in the Karen State

GENERAL

- 23. A white area can be found on the eye anywhere but:
- a. sclera
- b. Corneal Infection
- c. Normal Pupil
- d. Cataract
- 24. The best ones to learn which glasses work best in parts of Burma will be:
- a. Europeans
- b. Americans
- c. Computers
- d. Medics and doctors in Burma
- 25. Medics can help patients using which methods:
- a. acuity tests and glasses
- b. antibiotic eye drops
- c. finding cataracts
- d. praying
- e. ALL of the these